



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

AS Level History A

Y138/01 The Early Stuarts and the Origins of the Civil War
1603–1660

Wednesday 16 May 2018 – Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



You must have:

- the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet
(OCR12 sent with general stationery)

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Answer **all** the questions in Section A and **one** question in Section B.
- Write your answers in the Answer Booklet. The question number(s) must be clearly shown.
- Do **not** write in the barcodes.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **50**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended responses will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document consists of **4** pages.

SECTION A

The Execution of Charles I and the Interregnum 1646–1660

Study the three sources and then answer **both** questions.

- 1 Use your knowledge of the events after Richard Cromwell retires from office to assess how useful Source A is as evidence of instability in England at that time. **[10]**
- 2 Using these three sources in their historical context, assess how far they support the view that Charles II's restoration was due to General Monck. **[20]**

Source A: A Whig bishop describes events after Richard Cromwell retires from office.

Upon Richard retiring from office, the Commonwealth was again set up, and the Parliament, which Cromwell had dissolved, was again brought together. But the army and they fell into new disputes; so that they were again broken by the army, and the nation, upon that, was likely to fall into so great convulsions, that many thought it necessary to call home the King in order to settle things.

Lambert was the man who had chief sway in the army; and, upon his forcing Parliament, great pressure was put on Monck, who was then in Scotland, to oppose him.

Gilbert Burnet, History of his Own Time

Source B: Monck's chaplain describes how he managed his soldiers.

The General had his great council of all commission officers in the army. It was a pleasant sight to see the General, in a room full of officers, putting the question and then a junior make a long speech to the contrary. But though he submitted to these forms, yet he kept an absolute authority by the prudence and artifice of those he trusted, and did it by the way of counsel and persuasion, for though he was good at driving, yet he was now forced to lead gently. Great care was taken to instruct the soldiers well, into the principles of their duty and obedience and to explain a sense of the quarrel; for upon the meeting of the Scottish and English forces in the field, it was supposed that they would with difficulty be brought to fight one another.

T. Gumble, Life of General Monck, 1691

Source C: Charles II, whilst still in exile, issues guarantees.

The fear of punishment may not engage any: we do grant a free and general pardon (excepting only such persons as shall hereafter be excepted by Parliament). Let all our loving subjects however faulty rely upon the word of a king. Our subjects we invite to a perfect union among themselves for the re-settlement of our just rights and theirs in a free Parliament, by which we will be advised.

And because the passions and uncharitableness of the times have produced several opinions in religion, we do declare a liberty to tender consciences.

Declaration of Breda, 4 April 1660

SECTION B

The Early Stuarts 1603–1646

Answer **ONE** question.

3* How successfully did James I manage the religious problems he faced? **[20]**

4* Assess the aims of Charles I's opponents in the period from 1640 to 1642. **[20]**

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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